Limba modernă 1 Engleză Caietul elevului



Herbert Puchta Jeff Stranks & Peter Lewis-Jones with Oana Stoica, Ioana Tudose and Ioana Adam

CONTENTS

Welcome

UNIT 1 The Easy Life	10
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Writing Listening Let's practise!	12 14 16 17 18 19
UNIT 2 Sporting Moments	20
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise! Consolidation Units 1 & 2	22 24 26 27 28 29 30
UNIT 3 Travellers' Tales	32
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise!	34 36 38 39 40 41
UNIT 4 The Ways We Learn	42
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise! Consolidation Units 3 & 4	44 46 48 49 50 51 52
UNIT 5 Social Networking	54
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise!	56 58 60 61 62 63

UNIT 6 My Life in Music	64
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise! Consolidation Units 5 & 6	66 68 70 71 72 73 74
UNIT 7 Future Bodies	76
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise!	78 80 82 83 84 85
UNIT 8 Making a Difference	86
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise! Consolidation Units 7 & 8	88 90 92 93 94 95
UNIT 9 Tomorrow's World	98
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise!	100 102 104 105 106 107
UNIT 10 Money	108
Grammar Vocabulary Reading Developing Writing Listening Let's practise! Consolidation Units 9 & 10	110 112 114 115 116 117 118

Pronunciation page 120 **Grammar reference** page 126 **Irregular verbs** page 133

WELCOME

A GETTING TO KNOW YOU Asking questions

Pι	ıt t	he words in order to make questions.
0	ar	e / from / where / you
	V	Vhere are you from
1	yc	ou / 15 / are
2	do	oing / you / are / what
3	do	o / do / you / what
4	do	o / like / doing / you / what
5	lik	e / you / TV / watching / do
W	/rite	e the questions.
0		Are you 13
	В	Yes, I am. Last Saturday was my 13th birthday
1	Α	
	В	I'm just finishing my homework. I won't be lor
2	Α	
	В	India, but I live in the UK.
3	Α	
	В	Yes, I do, especially football.
4	Α	
	В	Hanging out with my friends. That's my favourite thing.
5	Α	
	В	I'm a teacher.
		ver the questions in Exercise 2 so that they rue for you.
_		

The weather

4	Match	the	pictures	and	the	sentences.
---	-------	-----	----------	-----	-----	------------

 It's dry and cloudy. It's warm and sunny. It's cold and foggy. It's hot and humid. It's wet and windy. It's rainy and freezing. 	
A	В
C	D
E	F

Families

5 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the list.

		father cousin mother grandma aunt uncle
0	My mother is my	father's wife.
1	My	is my mother's mother.
2	My	is my aunt's child.
3	My uncle is my au	ınt's
4	My aunt is my cou	usin's
5	My aunt is my fat	her's
6	My	is my grandmother's husband.
7	My	is my cousin's father.
8	Му	is my mother's husband.

9 My mother's sister is my _

6 Doll Listen and complete the table.



	Relation to Zoë	Age	Nationality	Job
Jess				student
Tom				
Karen				

7	Choose three people from your family. Write one
	or two sentences about each one.

My aunt's name is Laura. She's	from Brasilia.
She's 34 and she's a businesswo	

SUMMING UP

8 Circle the correct words.

- A Hey, what ⁰you are I (are you) doing?
- B I'm writing an email to my ¹cousin | sister Gabriel in Buenos Aires.
- A In Buenos Aires? What ²does he do I is he doing there? Is he there on holiday?
- B Yes. His mother my ³ aunt / uncle married an Argentinian man. They're there on holiday, visiting the family.
- A That's nice. Is the weather good there right now?
- B Yes, Gabriel said it was ⁴hot and sunny I freezing.
- A Hot? But it's January!
- B In Argentina, January is summer, remember?
- A Oh, right. Listen. ⁵Are you! Do you like watching films on TV?
- B Yes, why?
- A There's a great film on this evening. Come and watch it with us.
- B OK, thanks. But I'll finish my email first!

B EXPERIENCES

Meeting people (tense revision)

9	Match	the	pictures	and	the	sentences	
---	-------	-----	----------	-----	-----	-----------	--

- She met lots of famous people.
 She met the president last night.
- 3 She had dinner with the president. Her phone





10 Complete the sentences. Use the prompts.

- He ate a really good curry last night.(he / eat, past simple positive)
- 1 _____ any breakfast this morning. (I / eat, past simple negative)
- 2 A _____ all her vegetables? (she / eat, past simple question)
 - B _____ (negative short answer)
- 3 ______ to tell us the news-(they / phone, past simple positive)
- 4 A _____ any Japanese food for today? (you / buy, past simple question)
 - B _____(positive short answer)

11 Complete the sentences. Use the correct forms of the verbs.

- A How were King Pink last night? ⁰ Were you late for the concert?
- **B** Yes. I ¹_____(be) late.
- A What 2 (happen)?
- B Well, I ³_____ (miss) my train. So I ⁴____ (get) to the concert hall at 9 o'clock, not 8 o'clock.
- A 5______ you _____ (see) the show?
- B Yes. The concert 6_____ (start) at 8.45, so of course, when I 7____ (go) in the band 8____ (be) already on stage, performing. But I 9____ (see) about 75 per cent of
 - But I ⁹_____ (see) about 75 per cent of the show. And it ¹⁰____ (be) the best concert ever!

Irregular past simple verbs

12 Write the past simple forms of the verbs.

- 1 think _____ 6 go _____ 2 ride ____ 7 see _____ 3 have ____ 8 win _____
- 4 drink 9 eat
- 5 read ______ 10 wear _____

	omplete xercise 1.	the sentences. Use verbs from		ead the con uestions.	versation	again.	Answer the	
0	,	drank orange juice at the party yesterday.	0	What did D		,		
1		ok's great. I it when I was in high	0	She lost h	'	•		
2	school.	he had his wallet and mobile phone	1	How did sh	ne feel abou	ut losin	g it?	
2	with him	•		\ \	f l al.:			
3	He	his motorbike to work.	2	Why did sh	ie ieei this v	way:		
4	Sam believe	a suit at his wedding! Can you it?	3	What did s	he do?			
5	, 0	nddad bought a lottery ticket and the big prize last night!	4	What does	Jack think a	about l	ner story?	
	omplete f the verk	the sentences. Use the correct forms	Furi	niture				
0	_didv	<i>i't eat</i> any of the spicy chicken at	17 P	ut the word	s in order	to ma	ke items in a h	nouse.
	his birth		0	keds	desk	6	foas	
1	,	're from Peru? I (think) you were	1	elvsesh		7	rirrmo	
	Spanish		2	pretac		8	archmira	
2		you (read) his new book?	3	reshwo		9	bedrarow	
3		nd my keys. I think I (lose) them	4	otilte		10	nustaric	
	•	ark last night.	5	oreokc		11	palm	
4		(run), but we still missed the train.	18 \	/hich of the	items in F	vercis	e 1 might you	find
5 6	I went to	(go) to bed late, so I'm tired today. the store and I (see) my French waiting in the queue.	in			ems mi	ght be in mor	
7		(wear) this dress to the party last week.	1	bedroom		war	drobe	
		(ride) 30 km on our bikes yesterday.	2	living room	ı			
		,	3	kitchen				
Losi	ng thi	ngs	4	dining roor	m			
15 P	ut the co	nversation in order.	5	bathroom				
	JACK	I'm really sorry. Is there anything I can do to help you? We could go to the police,	SUI	MMINO	UP			
		you know.	19 C	ircle the cor	rect word	ls.		
L	JACK	You look sad. What happened?	A	Why didn't	vou come	to the	match yesterda	av?
	_ JACK	Right. But try to be more careful with your things next time!	В	Oh, I was b	usy paintin	ig my b	pedroom. I ¹ <i>dic</i> nything else.	-
L	_ JACK	Oh no! Did you go back to the park to search for it?	:	Are you jus	t changing	the co	our of the wall	
	DANA	I lost my mobile phone in the park yesterday evening. It wasn't expensive, but it had all my friends' numbers on it.	B	² buyed I be curtains for	ought a nev	w desk	, too. Last wee and some ³ she ant to get a new	elves I
	DANA	Well, I got my mum's phone and I rang my number, but it went straight to voicemail. I think someone found it and now refuses to give it back to me.	A	we ⁵ goed / nice lamps.	went to to	wn yes	⁴ seed / saw it t terday. They've	
	DANA	Yes, I did. No luck unfortunately. I feel horrible, it's like losing my whole life.	В	Thanks. I'll	go and hav	e a loo	k.	
	DANA	No, it's fine. I don't think the police can do anything about it. I'll ask Mum to buy						

me a new one.

C EATING AND DRINKING Buying and talking about food

20 Complete the questions using the words in the list.

got any | everything | How many | else How much | Would you like | help you

- O Have you <u>got any</u> of those Spanish oranges?
- 1 Is that _____?
- 2 Can I
- 3 _____ would you like?
- 4 _____some of those?
- 5 Anything _____
- 6 is that?

21 Complete the conversation with the phrases from Exercise 1. Then listen and check.

ASSISTANT Good afternoon. 0 Can I help you?

CUSTOMER Yes, I'd like some apples, please.

ASSISTANT ¹_

CUSTOMER Six big ones, please.

ASSISTANT OK, 2

CUSTOMER Yes. 3

ASSISTANT I'm afraid we haven't got any. We've got

some really nice ones from South Africa.

4

CUSTOMER Sure. I'll have three.

ASSISTANT 5____

CUSTOMER Yes, it is. 6

ASSISTANT That's £3.80 altogether.

CUSTOMER Here you are.

ASSISTANT And £1.20 change. Thanks!

22 Circle the correct words.

- 0 I think there are some / any eggs in the fridge.
- 1 I don't want some I any cake, thanks.
- 2 I'd like 500 grams of cheese and *some I any* ham, please.
- 3 I'm sorry. There isn't some I any pizza left.
- 4 I haven't got some / any butter in my sandwich.
- 5 This soup is really good. Try some I any.



D LOOKING AHEAD

Plans and arrangements

23 Look at Mia's diary. Write her plans for the day.

TODAY	
8 am – meet Liam for breakfast	
10 am – walk in park with Olivia	
1 pm - lunch with Mum and Dad	
3 pm – dentist	
6 pm - train to Manchester	
9 pm – film with Paula	

0	At 8 am <i>she's meeting Liam for breakfast.</i>
1	After that
2	At 1 pm
3	Two hours later
4	At 6 pm
5	Finally, at 9 pm
	// 1

Write about four arrangements you've got for this week using present continuous tense.		

SUMMING UP

25 Complete the email. Write one word in each space.

Hi Jack,

You know our school volleyball team won the local championship last year, right? Well, this month we're playing teams from other cities in the UK.

Next Saturday, we'i	re ⁰ <i>playing</i> against a	team in
Scotland. It's a long	g way, so we aren't 1	the
train – we're ²	there! I'm really e	excited.
I'm staying in Scotla	and until Monday. On S	Sunday, I
hana ta 3	some rock slimbing T	horo oro

hope to ³______ some rock climbing. There are some great places for it up there. My friend Steve wants to ⁴_____ skiing, but I don't think there's enough snow.

I'll write when we come back and tell you all about it.

Best, Sandy

THE EASY LIFE



General and specific competences from the curriculum explored in this unit

- 1. Receive oral messages in everyday communication situations
- **1.1.** Identify the main information from the news presented on TV/recorded materials relating to different events, when the commentary is illustrated by pictures
- **1.2.** Identify details from messages and interactions on predictable topics, when the speakers/interlocutors talk clearly and slowly
- 1.3. Identify common aspects between your own culture and the culture of the language studied
 - 2. Speak in everyday communication situations
- 2.3. Express an opinion on a practical issue with the support of the interlocutor
- 2.4. Show a positive attitude towards participating in a verbal exchange and public speaking
 - 3. Receive written messages in everyday communication situations
- 3.1. Select necessary information from lists or simple functional texts (brochures, menus, schedules, ads)
- **3.2.** Extract information from multiple short texts based on several predefined or negotiated criteria/constraints
- **3.4.** Show willingness to be informed through reading
 - 4. Write messages in everyday communication situations
- **4.1.** Write a simple presentation message for a personal profile
- **4.2.** Tell a story, in short, using linking words to emphasize the chronological order
- **4.3.** Show a positive attitude towards participating in the exchange of written messages

Competențe generale și specifice din programa școlară

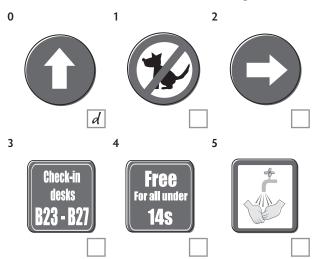
- 1. Receptarea de mesaje orale în situații de comunicare uzuală
- **1.1.** Identificarea informațiilor principale din ştirile prezentate la tv/materiale inregistrate, referitoare la diferite evenimente, atunci când comentariul este ilustrat prin imagini
- **1.2.** Identificarea detaliilor din mesaje și interacțiuni pe subiecte previzibile când locutorii/interlocutorii vorbesc clar și rar
- 1.3. Identificarea unor elemente comune culturii proprii și culturii studiate
 - 2. Exprimarea orală în situații de comunicare uzuală
- 2.3. Formularea unei păreri asupra unei probleme practice, cu sprijin din partea interlocutorului
- 2.4. Manifestarea unei atitudini pozitive față de participarea la dialog și exprimarea în public
 - 3. Receptarea de mesaje scrise în situații de comunicare uzuală
- 3.1. Extragerea informațiilor necesare pe baza lecturii unor instrucțiuni de utilizare, regulamente
- 3.2. Selectarea de informații din texte pe teme din viața cotidiană
- **3.4.** Căutarea de surse adecvate de lectură și de informare
 - 4. Redactarea de mesaje în situații de comunicare uzuală
- **4.1.** Elaborarea unui mesaj simplu de prezentare pentru un profil personal
- 4.2. Relatarea pe scurt a unei întâmplări utilizând cuvinte de legătură pentru a marca ordinea cronologică
- 4.3. Manifestarea unei atitudini pozitive față de participarea la schimbul de mesaje scrise

THE EASY L F E

GRAMMAR

have to I don't have to SB p.16

1 ★★★ Match the sentences with the signs.



- a You don't have to go to terminal A for flights to Paris.
- **b** You have to wash your hands.
- c Drivers have to turn right here.
- d You have to go straight ahead.
- e You have to leave your dog outside.
- f Children don't have to pay.

2 $\star\star\star$ Write the sentences.

- o the / a lot / have / we / Maths / study / test / to / for We have to study a lot for the Maths test.
- 1 be / to / to / creative/ have / find / answer / We / the
- 2 Sundays / make / to / has / he / On / breakfast
- 3 early / you / get / have / Do / to / up / ?
- 4 Lucas / school / tomorrow / have / doesn't / to / to / go
- 5 have / I / phone / Do / to / you / ?
- 6 me / to / You / have / help / don't

0	Does your dad have to travel a lot in his job?	d
1	Can I come to your place tomorrow?	
2	Why can't Susan come with us to the beach?	
3	Does your brother live in the city centre?	
4	Can I go to the match on Sunday?	
5	Why can't I go to the cinema tonight?	

- a I spoke to her dad. She has to help at home.
- b No, he doesn't. He has to take a train every day.
- c I'm afraid you can't. We have to visit Grandma.
- d Yes. He goes to other countries quite a lot.
- e Because you have to tidy up your room.
- f I'm sorry. You have to study for school. But why don't you go tomorrow?

4 ★★★ Answer the questions so they are true for you.

- 1 Do you have to get up early on weekdays?
- 2 Do you have to use the Internet for your school work?
- 3 Does your best friend have to help at home a lot?
- 4 Do you have to do homework over the weekend?

should I shouldn't SB p.17

5 * Circle the correct words.

- The film starts in 10 minutes. We're late, so we should I shouldn't hurry up.
- 1 Dad doesn't know when he'll be home and says we *should I shouldn't* wait for him to eat.
- 2 It's just a T-shirt. Why does it cost £65? It should / shouldn't be so expensive.
- 3 Why are you angry with me? You should / shouldn't try to understand me.
- 4 She's on holiday until Monday. We *should I shouldn't* phone her before then.
- 5 Jane doesn't like her school uniform. She thinks students *should I shouldn't* wear what they want.

6 ★★★ Complete the conversations. Use *should* or shouldn't and a phrase from the list.

put on a jumper | stay much longer | talk to her worry so much | leave home earlier

- 0 A I'm feeling cold.
 - B I think you should put on a jumper.
- 1 A I can't believe it. I'm late for school again!
 - **B** Perhaps you
- 2 A I don't think Jane is very happy at all.
 - B Maybe you.
- 3 A I'm a bit nervous about my English test.
 - . It's not helpful. B You
- 4 A It's getting late.
 - B Yes, I know. We

** Answer the questions. Your answers can be funny or serious. Give reasons.

- o Should children get money for helping at home? Yes, they should because parents get money for their work too.
- 1 Should students get money for going to school?
- Should the Internet be free for everybody?
- Should every child have a tablet?

must / mustn't; mustn't vs. don't have to SB p.18

** Look at the rules for a youth hostel. Circle the correct words in the sentences.

HOSTEL HOUSE RULES Last time for check out: 11.30 am. Music? OK, but use headphones. Switch off lights at 10 pm! Breakfast 7.30 - 9.30 am. Please wash up after eating. Don't walk into the bedrooms with your shoes on. Be polite. Don't touch other people's things.

- You *mustn't*) / don't have to have the lights on after 10 pm.
- You mustn't / don't have to leave the dinner table without cleaning up.
- 2 You mustn't | don't have to play music out loud.
- You mustn't / don't have to wear your shoes in the bedrooms.
- You must / mustn't be kind to other guests.

- You mustn't / don't have to check out before 10 am.
- You mustn't / don't have to have breakfast at 7.30.
- 7 You must / mustn't touch other people's possessions.

** Match the sentences and complete them with must, mustn't or don't have to.

0	My parents aren't very strict.			
1	Sarah hasn't got any problems with her work.			
2	The test will be hard.			
3	Don't talk during the lessons.			
4	It's a secret.			
5	The doctor says Ella's fine.			
6	Thanks for Jim's number.			
	You help her.			
a	You	_ help her.		
	Youfc	'		
b		orget to call him.		
b c	I fo	orget to call him.		
b c d	fo	orget to call him. _ tell anyone.		
b c d e	for You She	orget to call him tell anyone pay attention to your teacher.		

10 ★★★ Answer the questions so they are true for you.

- 1 What work do you have to do at home?
- 2 What are two things you mustn't do in your class?
- 3 What does your friend have to do that you don't have to do?
- 4 What are three things you must do when you are eating in a restaurant?

GET IT RIGHT! **②**



Have (got) to | don't have to | must | mustn't | should | shouldn't

We always use the base form of the verb after have (got) to | don't have to | must | mustn't | should | shouldn't.

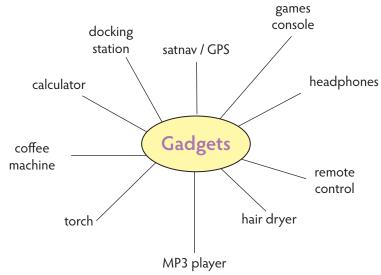
- ✓ You should ask your sister to help you.
- X You should to ask your sister to help you.

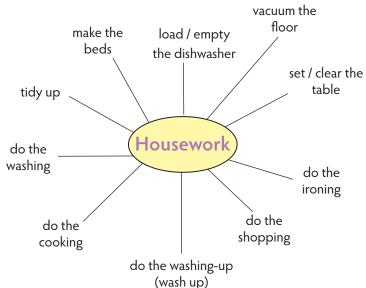
Circle the correct verb form.

- You don't have to making / made / make coffee. We've got a coffee machine.
- That music is very loud. You should use / to use / using headphones.
- You must be / to be / being careful. It's dark in the garden.
- 4 He shouldn't worry / worried / worrying about the exam. He always gets good marks.
- We mustn't talk / to talk / talked loudly in the library.
- What do I have to doing / do / did to join this club?

VOCABULARY

Word list





Expressions with like

like (Ryan)

(it) looks like ...

(it) sounds like ...

Like what?

Key words in context

dream come true Going on safari in Africa would be a **dream come true**!

illness After a long illness she returned to work.

invention The wheel was a fantastic invention. It changed our lives. care about someone/something I really care about John. I want to do something to help him.

environment I think we should all protect the **environment** better.

appearance Do you care a lot about your **appearance**?

quality How important for you is the **quality** of your work?

inventor Thomas Edison was a famous **inventor**.

have access to something Do you think students should have access to the Internet during exams?

switch off Let's switch off the computer now. It's time to relax!

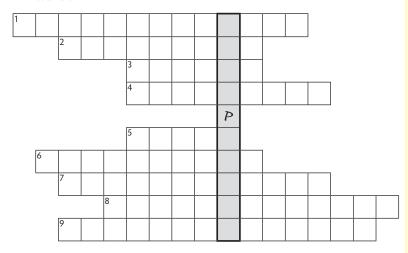
robot I'd love a robot to do all the housework.

create problems You're giving him his own computer! Are you trying to **create problems**?

fair Mum says I can't have a phone until I'm 11. It's not fair!

Gadgets SB p.16

1 ★★★ Do the crossword. Can you find the mystery word?



- 1 Many people need it to make a drink for their breakfast.
- 2 An electronic gadget that allows you to store music in a special format and play it.
- 3 Drivers use it to find their way.
- 4 You need it when your hair is wet.
- 5 A small light you hold in your hand; it usually has a battery.
- 6 A small electronic device that helps you with numbers.
- 7 The controls for a machine to play games.
- 8 A gadget that allows you to switch an electronic machine on or off from a distance.
- 9 A piece of electrical equipment to which another piece of equipment can be connected.

Housework SB p.19

2 *** Match the sentences and their endings.

		O
0	Luke's friends are staying for lunch. Can	f
1	There are no clean plates left. Can you	
2	I dropped some sugar on the floor. Will you	
3	My room is a mess, but I'm too lazy	
4	Can you do the cooking tonight? I did it	
5	I'll do the washing, but I really don't want	
6	We have no food left in the house. Can you	
7	Can you load the dishwasher, Sarah?	
8	My mum showed me how to make my bed	
a	do the washing up quickly?	
b	yesterday, and the day before yesterday.	
c	to tidy it.	
d	when I was still a child.	
e	do the shopping, please?	
f	you set the table, please?	
g	But it's Pete's turn. I emptied it this morning.	
h	help me vacuum it?	

3 ★★★ What housework do you like/dislike? Write four sentences about you.

i to do the ironing too.

I don't like ironing clothes. I think it's boring. I don't mind doing the cooking. It's cool when the
others like my food.
I hate I think it's

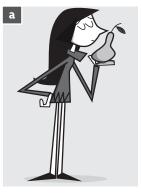
WordWise SB p.21

Expressions with like

4 ★★★ Match the sentences and the pictures.

0	Jane's like her mum. They both	
	love nature.	С
1	It looks like a heart.	
2	I think Dad's home. That sounds	
	like his car!	

3 It smells like an apple, but it doesn't look like one.









READING

- 1 REMEMBER AND CHECK Circle the correct option, A–C. Then check your answers in the text on page 15 of the Student's Book.
 - How did Ludwick Marishane get the idea for his invention?
 - A A friend gave it to him. B From talking with friends. C He got it from the Internet.
 - 1 What's a big problem for 2.5 billion people?
 - A They've got trachoma. B Their water is dirty.
- C Medication is too expensive for them.
- 2 When Ludwick was at university, he spoke to a lot of people about ...
 - A money. B his ideas.
- C the name of his invention.
- 3 From the first idea to the production of 'DryBath', it took more than ...
 - A three years.
- B ten years.
- C two years.

- 4 Ludwick is very much interested in ...
 - A making money.
- **B** not having to take a bath.
- C helping people.
- 2 Read the article quickly. Write the name of the inventions under the photos.



A few years later, Emily learnt about the situation in some African countries where women and children often walk many kilometres a day to get water. They can only carry one bucket a time, and they usually put them on their heads. Emily's invention is a simple water carrier. It's made of wood and it makes it possible for the women to transport up to five buckets each time.

Change for the better

When Emily Cummins was four years old, her grandfather gave her a hammer. She started to make toys from old things nobody used any more.

As a teenager, she thought a lot about inventing things to help people. Emily's other granddad had an illness called arthritis. He had a lot of pain in his hands and fingers. One day, Emily saw that he couldn't the get toothpaste out of the tube. She made an invention that helped him with this, and won the Young Engineer for Britain Award for her toothpaste dispenser.



2 .

Her latest project is a simple fridge that runs without electricity using only the energy that comes from the sun. Thousands of families in villages in Zambia, Namibia and South Africa use it to keep milk, food and medicines cool.

Emily is now a young woman. She is the winner of many prizes for her inventions. She was named one of the world's top ten young people. She also got the Peace Honours Prize from a jury of Nobel prize winners, in Norway.

Emily often visits schools and talks to teenagers. She wants to use her skills to make a difference. She isn't interested in making a bigger TV or better sound system. She wants to create change for the better.

3 Read the article again. Are sentences 1–5 'Right' (A) or 'Wrong' (B)? If there isn't enough information to answer 'Right' or 'Wrong', choose 'Doesn't say' (C).

0 As a child, Emily loved making things herself. A Right C Doesn't say **B** Wrong 1 At the age of 13, she invented a toothpaste dispenser. A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say 2 When she went to Africa, she got an idea for a water carrier. A Right C Doesn't say **B** Wrong 3 Her latest project is a solar ice cream machine. A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say 4 Emily got a prize in Norway. A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say 5 She'd like to invent a high quality sound system. A Right **B** Wrong C Doesn't say



DEVELOPING WRITING

Taking notes and writing a short summary

1 Read the text. Tick (✓) the things that Alexander Graham Bell experimented with.



A famous inventor

When Alexander Graham Bell was 29, he made one of the most important inventions in history: the telephone. A year later, he started the Bell telephone company. He became a businessman and earned a lot of money from his telephone company.

But Alexander Graham Bell wasn't so interested in money. He was interested in making inventions. He always wanted to learn, and to try and create new things. He used his money to open laboratories with teams of engineers.

Bell was also fascinated with propellers and kites, and did lots of experiments with them. In 1907, four years after the Wright Brothers made their first flight, Bell formed the Aerial Experiment Association with four young engineers. Their plan was to build planes. The group was successful. Their plane named Silver Dart made the first successful flight in Canada on 23 February, 1909.

- 2 Look at a student's notes on the first paragraph of the text in Exercise 1. Underline the ideas in the text that the student used.
 - 1 29 invented telephone
 - 2 Bell telephone company 3 businessman

 - 4 lot of money



- 3 Write a short text using full, connected sentences. Use the notes from Exercise 2.
- Read the second and third paragraphs of the text about Alexander Bell again. Underline five important points and write them in the form of notes. Then write a short summary of the text based on your notes.

Writing tip: taking notes after reading a text

Read the whole text carefully.

- Go through the text again. Select the most important information. Underline it in the text and use it to write
- Write words, not sentences. Use abbreviations, e.g. inv for invented, tel. co for telephone company.
- Don't write down words that are unnecessary, e.g. the, a, and, etc.
- Make sure your notes are clear and meaningful. Check them again and ask yourself: Do these notes give me a good summary of the most important information in the text?
- Write up your notes.

LISTENING

- 1 Dog Listen to the conversations. Circle A, B
 - 1 What's the problem?
 - A The camera doesn't work.
 - B The USB cable isn't plugged in.
 - C The laptop doesn't work.
 - 2 What does Daniel have to do?
 - A tidy his room
 - B walk the dog
 - C wash up
 - 3 What did James borrow without asking?
 - A a digital camera
 - B an MP3 player
 - C a laptop
- 2 Listen again. Complete the sentences from the conversations.

STELLA	Let ⁰m <u></u> <i>e</i>	¹s		You
	² h	_ ³ t	SV	witch
	⁴ y	_ ⁵ c	0	n.
DANIEL	Alright. ⁶ G		_ you. Do I	
	⁷ h	_ to ⁸ t		up my
	desk ⁹ t	?		
LILY	Well, you ¹⁰ m_		use	
	¹¹ m	¹² th		_ without
	13			

DIALOGUE

1 Complete the conversation with the expressions in the list.

do you m	nean Like what Sorry		
OLIVER	I want to do a mini-triathlon on Sunday.		
MAYA	1?		
OLIVER	A mini-triathlon. That's three races in one.		
MAYA	Three races in one? What		
	2?		
OLIVER	Well, you have to run 3 km, swim 1 km, and cycle 10 km.		
MAYA	Really? That sounds like hard work. Why is it called mini?		
OLIVER	Because the races in a normal triathlon are much longer.		
MAYA	3?		
OLIVER	Well, in the Olympic triathlon they cycle 40 km, run 10 km, and swim 1.5 km.		
MAYA	Wow! I think we should try the mini race!		
OLIVER	I think you're right.		

2 Write a short conversation for this picture. Use some of the expressions from Listening Exercise 2 and Dialogue Exercise 1.



PHRASES FOR FLUENCY SB p.21

1 Complete the conversation with the expressions in the list.

so no	chance and st	tuff never mind
absolute	ely such good	fun
MAX	⁰ So after school?	, Isaac, what are you doing
ISAAC	After school? \	Vhy?
MAX	I just want to k football.	now if you want to play
ISAAC	Football! ¹ housework ²	, I've got to do
MAX	OK, ³ Can we play th	What about tomorrow? en?
ISAAC	4	
MAX	Great It'll be 5	1

Pronunciation

Vowel sounds: /ʊ/ and /uː/

Go to page 122.

LET'S PRACTISE!

Reading and Writing

Match the notices A-H with the meanings 1-5.

















- 1 Children pay less than adults.
- and ask for more details.
- 5 Things in this shop are half price.

2 Match the notices A-H with the meanings 1-5.





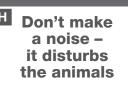












- 0 Be careful when you cross here. 0 We're looking for our pet.
- 2 You mustn't give food to the animals.
- 3 If you are interested in the job, come in
- 4 School children can't come in here.

- Ε You should only call them in the afternoons. 2 You can buy the new game this weekend. 3 It's cheaper to buy more than one. Please be quiet here.
- 5 If you want to eat here, order before nine.

Exam guide: match notices with meanings

In this exam task you have to read some notices and then match them to sentences that describe what each notice says.

- Read through all the notices. Tick the ones that you think you understand best. Look at these ones first. Try to think how you would describe what they say. Then look through the answers to see if any of them match what you think.
- If you're not 100% sure what a notice means then focus on some of the words in it that you do understand. Try to match or connect these with words in the sentences. For example, teachers and school children are obviously connected so there's a good chance these two belong together.
- Be careful there are always more notices than sentences.